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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

in re application of: Michael FISENHUT et al.

Group Art Unit: 1635

Application No. 09/781,980 Confirmation No. 9550

Examiner: James SCHULTZ

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2502498-991110

(formerly 41443)

For: OLIGONUCLEOTIDE CONJUGATES

Customer No.

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PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.132

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313 1450

ATTN: Mall Stop AF

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- I, the undersigned co-inventor, do hereby state:
- 1. I am a co-inventor of claims 1 13 and 15-18 of the patent application referenced hereinabove and of the subject matter described and claimed therein.

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2. We demonstrated that delivery of an oligonucleotide (antisense) conjugated to a somatostatin analog would improve the specific delivery of antisense molecules to a selected target (i.e., targets that over-express surnatostatin receptors). Further, we were able to show that, through binding experiments using rat cortex membranes, that such conjugates bind to somatostatin receptors (SSTRs) with high affinity similar to that for unconjugated occreotide, a somatostatin analog, as confirmed by the ICs0 values.

Moreover, we were able to demonstrate that delivery/uptake of conjugated antisense uligoriucleotide is significantly (statistically) greater than that of a non-conjugated oligonucleotide in tumors expressing SSTRs.

3. A comparison between IC₅₀ values for conjugates as described in the application versus those described for Nagy et al. is provided below. Further, a bar graph demonstrating tissue uptake of the conjugate showing unexpected accumulation of said conjugate in a tumor expressing SSTR (i.e., approximately 10-fold), which would not be expected from the data of Lu et al., is provided.

Materials and Methods

Binding essays:

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For accurately determining the competitive displacement reaction, the concentration of the conjugates was determined by means of the millimolar absorption coefficient. In this regard, it was assumed that the ϵ_n is the ODN ϵ_m and the peptide ε_m : $\varepsilon_m = \Sigma ((nA \times 15.4 + nC \times 7.3 + nG \times 11.7 + nT \times 8.8) \times 0.9) +$ n \dagger ip x 5.0 + n1yr x 1.4 + nPhe x 0.2) using this equation the following ε_m values were determined: 5 = 180.5; 6 = 212.7 and 7 = 180.5. For the binding assays, raticortex membranes were resuspended at a protein concentration of 500 µg/ml in incubation buffer (10 nM HEPES, pH 7.6, with 5% BSA Fraction V, MgCl₂ (10) m(μ) and bacitracin (20 μg/ml)). 100 μg of protein were used per assay. The cell membranes (200 μl) were mixed with 30 μl of incubation buffer with increasing concentrations of the competitor (conjugates 5-7) (10⁻⁵ to 10⁻¹⁰ mol/l). About 20,000 cpm 1251-Tyr3 octreotide (about 20 pm) In 70 µl Incubation buffer were added. After 1 h at room temperature, the incubation was terminated by rapid filt ation over "GF/B" glass tiber tilter (Whatman, Springfield Mill, USA) which had been moistened with 1% BSA-containing buffer. The filters were washed with icecold butter (10 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl) and the bound radioactivity was determined by a gamma counter. The non-specific binding was determined to be about 10 - 20% of the total binding by measuring binding in the presence of excless non-labeled octreotide (10-8 mol/l). The specific binding was defined as

¹ See Figure 3 of the above referenced application (or sequence information.

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total binding minus non-specific binding. The results are shown as values of the specific binding determined from three experiments.

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A cell suspension of the CA209848 tumor in a nutrient mixture was subcutaneously administered into the nape of the neck of male Lewis rats. After about 10 days, the tumors had grown to a volume of about 5 ml. The ¹²⁵Habeled compound² was injected into the tail vein of the animals (groups of three animals). After 1 h, the animals were sacrificed and the activity concentration of the dissected organs was determined in a gamma counter.

Results

Binding data.

TABLE 1: Comparison of binding affinities between conjugate and free carrier (i.e., the somatostatin analog, octreotide).

Conjugate of isenhut et al.	IC ₅₀	Conjugates of Nagy et al, ³	IC ₅₀
octreotide (Control)	1.98	RC-121 (Control)	0.31
octreotate- conjugate 5	1.83 ± 0.17 ⊓M	AN-162	2.96

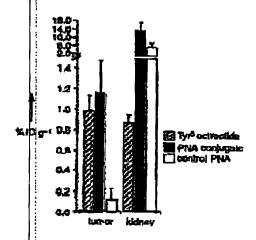
F-Tyr-AGCGTGC:GCCATCCC-D-Phe-cyclo-[Cys-Phe-u-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Thr-OH
Nagy et al., "Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Cytotoxic Analogs of Somatostatin Containing Describicin or its Intensely Potent Derivative, 2-pyrrolinodoxorubicin." Proc. Nall. Acad. Sci. USA (1998) 95:1794-1799, Table 1, at page 1795. RC-121 = n-Phe-cyclo-[Cys-Tyr-N-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Thr NH₂; RC-160 ·· D-Phe-cyclo-[Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys]-Trp-NH₂. AN-162 -DOX-14-O-glt-RC-121; AN-238 = 2-pyrrolino-DOX-14-O-glt-RC-121; AN-163 = DOX-14-O-glt-RC-160; AN-258 = 2-pyrrolino-DOX-14-O-glt-RC-160.

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conjugate 5	$2.52 \pm 0.43 \text{ nM}$	AN-238	23.8
octreotate- conjugate 7	1,88 ± 0.47 nM	RC-160 (Control)	1.74
•	-	AN-163	7.88
:		AN-258	80.1

The data from Table 1 shows that the general trend for the conjugates of Nagy et al. is reduced binding affinity, while the conjugates of the present application show no significant difference in binding affinity compared to the somatostatin analog alone.

Below is a bar graph showing data for tumor bearing Lewis rat, given in percent of the injected dose per gram of tissue (%ID g⁻¹) ± standard deviation 1 h after intravenous injection (average values from three or six animals, compounds were labeled with ¹²⁵I).



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The bar graph demonstrates that conjugation of the peptide moiety causes a strongly increased accumulation of the PNA oligomer in the tumor tissue (statistical significance in student's t-Test: p = 0.021).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that the statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 of the United States Codo, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the instant application or any patent issuing therefrom.

Further, Declarant sayeth not.

Date 2,203

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